## **Introduced by Senator Calderon**

February 17, 1998

An act to amend Section 368 of the Penal Code, to amend Section 2583 of, to amend the heading of Part 7 (commencing with Section 250) of Division 2 of, and to add Section 259 to, the Probate Code, and to amend Section 15630 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, relating to elder abuse.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1715, as introduced, Calderon. Elder and dependent adult abuse.

(1) Existing law provides that it is a crime, punishable by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, or in the state prison for 2, 3, or 4 years, for any person, under circumstances or conditions likely to produce great bodily harm or death, to willfully cause or permit any elder or dependent adult to suffer, or to inflict thereon unjustifiable physical pain or mental suffering, or for any person having the care or custody of any elder or dependent adult to willfully cause or permit the person or the health of the elder or dependent adult to be injured or endangered.

This bill would make it a crime, punishable by fine not exceeding \$1,000 or by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, for any person who isolates, or engages in a pattern of isolation, as defined, an elder or dependent adult. By creating a new crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

(2) Existing law requires a mandated reporter, as defined, to report physical abuse on an elder or dependent adult, to

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designated agencies within a specified time period, when the mandated reporter, in his or her professional capacity or within the scope of his or her employment, has reason to believe that an elder or dependent adult has been physically Mandated reporters are defined to include dependent adult care custodian, health practitioner, employee of a county adult protective services agency or a local law enforcement agency.

This bill would also require mandated reporters to report fiduciary abuse, as defined, and isolation, as defined, when the mandated reporter has reason to believe that the elder or dependant adult has been the victim of isolation or fiduciary abuse. This bill would also expand the definition of mandated reporters to include any person who has a fiduciary relationship with the elder or dependent adult, who works for a bank or other financial institution, any firefighters, humane society officers, or animal control officers, any clergy member, as defined, and any member of a religious or charitable group or society who provides services to, or regularly comes into contact with, an elder or dependent adult, other than a member of the clergy. By increasing the duties of local officials, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

(3) Existing law provides for the distribution of an estate upon the death of a person owning real or personal property, or both, where the deceased has been the victim of a homicide.

This bill, in addition, would provide that any person who has abused an elder or dependent adult, in violation of specified provisions of law, is deemed to have predeceased the victim. The bill would specify that such a person has no costs or any right, title, or interest by reason of the death of the victim, whether by intestate succession, will, or trust.

(4) Existing law authorizes judicial proceedings which a conservator may be appointed to manage the property and financial affairs of a person. The court is relevant required to consider the circumstances in authorize a determining whether to proposed action connection with the conservatee's property, including circumstances enumerated in existing law.

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This bill would add as a specific circumstance for the court's consideration in this context whether a beneficiary of the conservatee committed a tort against the conservatee under certain conditions.

California Constitution requires the (5) The reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

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SECTION 1. Section 368 of the Penal Code is 1 amended to read:

- 368. (a) (1) Any—The Legislature finds and declares that as the population of elders and dependent adults increases, the number of unscrupulous persons who prey on this population for the purpose of committing financial abuse will increase.
- (2) The Legislature finds and declares that financial 9 crimes against elders and dependent adults create a 10 greater harm than similar crimes against others because 11 an elder or dependent adult has less ability to financially 12 recover from these losses, as the elder or dependent adult is frequently living on a fixed income and has a reduced ability to earn new income.
- 15 (3) The Legislature finds and declares that crimes 16 against elders and dependent adults are deserving of special consideration and protection, not unlike the 18 special protections provided for minor children, because 19 elders and dependent adults may be confused, on various impaired. 20 medications. mentally or physically 21 incompetent, and therefore less able to 22 themselves, to understand or report criminal conduct, or 23 to testify in court proceedings on their own behalf.
- 24 (b) (1) Any person who, under circumstances conditions likely to produce great bodily harm or death,

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willfully causes or permits any elder or dependent adult, with knowledge that he or she is an elder or a dependent adult, to suffer, or inflicts thereon unjustifiable physical pain or mental suffering, or having the care or custody of any elder or dependent adult, willfully causes or permits the person or health of the elder or dependent adult to be injured, or willfully causes or permits the elder or dependent adult to be placed in a situation in which his or her person or health is endangered, is punishable by 10 imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding one year, or in the state prison for two, three, or four years.

- (2) If in the commission of an offense described in 13 paragraph (1), the victim suffers great bodily injury, as 14 defined in subdivision (e) of Section 12022.7, the 15 defendant shall receive an additional term of three years 16 in the state prison, except that if the victim is 70 years of age or older the additional term shall be five years.
- (3) If in the commission of an offense described in 19 paragraph (1), the defendant proximately causes the 20 death of the victim, the defendant shall receive an additional term of five years in the state prison, except that if the victim is 70 years of age or older the additional term shall be seven years.

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(c) Any person who, under circumstances 26 conditions other than those likely to produce great bodily 27 harm or death, willfully causes or permits any elder or dependent adult, with knowledge that he or she is an elder or a dependent adult, to suffer, or inflicts thereon 30 unjustifiable physical pain or mental suffering, or having the care or custody of any elder or dependent adult, willfully causes or permits the person or health of the elder or dependent adult to be injured or willfully causes or permits the elder or dependent adult to be placed in a situation in which his or her person or health may be endangered, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

(d) Any caretaker of an elder or a dependent adult who violates any provision of law proscribing theft or embezzlement, with respect to the property of that elder **—5—** SB 1715

or dependent adult, is punishable by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, or in the state prison 3 for two, three, or four years when the money, labor, or 4 real or personal property taken is of a value exceeding four hundred dollars (\$400), and by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000), by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, or by both that fine and imprisonment, when the money, labor, or real or personal property taken is of a value not exceeding four 10 hundred dollars (\$400).

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- (e) Any person who isolates, or engages in a pattern of 13 isolation of, an elder or dependent adult is punishable for 14 each count of isolation, by a fine not exceeding one 15 thousand dollars (\$1,000) or by imprisonment in a county 16 jail not exceeding one year or both.
- (f) As used in this section, "elder" means any person 17 18 who is 65 years of age or older.

(g) As used in this section, "dependent adult" means 21 any person who is between the ages of 18 and 64, who has physical or mental limitations which restrict his or her ability to carry out normal activities or to protect his or her rights, including, but not limited to, persons who have physical or developmental disabilities or whose physical 26 or mental abilities have diminished because of age. "Dependent adult" includes any person between the 28 ages of 18 and 64 who is admitted as an inpatient to a 24-hour health facility, as defined in Sections 1250, 1250.2, and 1250.3 of the Health and Safety Code.

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(h) As used in this section, "caretaker" means any person who has the care, custody, or control of or who stands in a position of trust with, an elder or a dependent adult.

(i) (1) A pattern of isolation of an elder or dependent 38 adult is a pattern of conduct by which a person or persons act to control, as closely as possible, all avenues of communication to and from the elder or dependent adult

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for the purpose of committing financial abuse. Once communication to and from the elder or dependent adult is controlled, a pattern of isolation also may occur where a person or persons do any of the following: (A) 5 exaggerate any physical or mental disabilities or problems 6 of the elder or dependent adult in order to make him or 7 her more dependent upon the controlling person or 8 persons, (B) encourage or exaggerate fears or concerns of the elder or dependent adult in order to further 10 increase the dependence of the elder or dependent adult 11 upon the controlling person or persons, or (C) attempt to 12 keep the elder or dependent adult unaware through the 13 use of alcohol, drugs, or lack of rest in order to keep the 14 elder or dependent adult disoriented and unable to think 15 clearly. 16

- (2) As used in this section, isolation may consist of any of the acts set forth in Section 15610.43 of the Welfare and 18 Institutions Code, in addition to any acts committed for 19 the purpose of carrying out a pattern of isolation as described in paragraph (1) above.
- (j) Nothing in this section shall preclude prosecution under both this section and Section 187 or 12022.7 or any other provision of law. However, a person shall not 24 receive an additional term of imprisonment under both paragraphs (2) and (3) of subdivision (a) for any single offense, nor shall a person receive an additional term of imprisonment under both Section 12022.7 and paragraph (2) or (3) of subdivision (a) for any single offense.
  - SEC. 2. The heading of Part 7 (commencing with Section 250) of Division 2 of the Probate Code is amended to read:

## PART 7. EFFECT OF HOMICIDE OR ABUSE OF AN ELDER OR DEPENDENT ADULT

SEC. 3. Section 259 is added to the Probate Code, to 36 read:

259. (a) Where it is established in a civil action by clear and convincing evidence that the defendant is liable for physical abuse, neglect, isolation, or fiduciary abuse, **—7— SB 1715** 

the defendant shall suffer the forfeitures described in subdivision (c).

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- (b) Any person who has been convicted of a violation of any provision of Section 368 of the Penal Code shall suffer the forfeitures described in subdivision (c).
- (c) Any person described in subdivision (a) or (b) of 6 this section shall be deemed to have predeceased the victim, and shall have no costs, or have any right, title, or interest therein, by reason of the death of the decedent, 10 whether by intestate succession, or under a will of the decedent, or a trust created by or for the benefit of the 12 decedent or in which the decedent has an interest, 13 including any general or special power of appointment 14 conferred by the will or trust on the defendant, and 15 including any nomination of the defendant as executor, 16 trustee, guardian, or conservator or custodian made by the will or trust, or otherwise, with respect to any 17 property, damages, or costs that were awarded to the victim's estate under the following circumstances: 19
- 20 (1) As a result of a civil action where misconduct, as described in subdivision (a), was proven. 21
  - (2) As a result of a civil action arising out of, incident to, or related to, tortious conduct, as described in subdivision (a).
  - of (d) For purposes this section, the following definitions shall apply:
  - (1) Physical abuse as defined in subdivision (c) of Section 15610 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.
  - (2) Neglect as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 15610 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.
- (3) Isolation as defined in Section 368 of the Penal 31 32 Code.
- 33 (4) Fiduciary abuse as defined in subdivision (f) of 34 Section 15610 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.
- SEC. 4. Section 2583 of the Probate Code is amended 36 to read:
- 2583. In determining whether to authorize or require 37 a proposed action under this article, the court shall take into consideration all the relevant circumstances, which may include but are not limited to:

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(a) Whether the conservatee has legal capacity for the proposed transaction and, if not, the probability of the conservatee's recovery of legal capacity.

- donative declarations, practices, (b) The past and conduct of the conservatee.
  - (c) The traits of the conservatee.
- (d) The relationship and intimacy of the prospective donees with the conservatee, their standards of living, and the extent to which they would be natural objects of 10 the conservatee's bounty by any objective test based on such relationship, intimacy, and standards of living.
  - (e) The wishes of the conservatee.
- (f) Any known estate plan of the conservatee 14 (including, but not limited to, the conservatee's will, any 15 trust of which the conservatee is the settlor or beneficiary, 16 any power of appointment created by or exercisable by the conservatee, and any contract, transfer, or joint 18 ownership arrangement with provisions for payment or transfer of benefits or interests at the conservatee's death 20 to another or others which the conservatee may have originated).
- (g) The manner in which the estate would devolve 23 upon the conservatee's death, giving consideration to the age and the mental and physical condition the 25 conservatee, the prospective devisees or heirs of the conservatee, and the prospective donees.
- (h) The value, liquidity, and productiveness the 28 estate.
  - minimization of current (i) The or prospective income, estate, inheritance, or other taxes or expenses of administration.
- (j) Changes of tax laws and other laws which would likely have motivated the conservatee to alter 34 conservatee's estate plan.
- (k) The likelihood from all the circumstances that the 36 conservatee as a reasonably prudent person would take the proposed action if the conservatee had the capacity to do so.
- (1) Whether any beneficiary is a person described in 39 paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 21350.

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(m) Whether a beneficiary perpetrated a tort against 2 the conservatee after the conservatee was substantially unable to manage his or her financial resources or resist fraud or undue influence, and the conservatee's disability persisted throughout the time of the hearing on the proposed substituted judgment.

- SEC. 5. Section 15630 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read:
- 15630. (a) Any—The following persons are mandated 10 reporters within the meaning of this chapter:
  - (1) Any elder or dependent adult care custodian, health practitioner, or employee of a county protective services agency or a local law enforcement agency is a mandated reporter.
- (2) Any person who has a fiduciary relationship with 16 the elder or dependent adult.
- (3) Any person working for a bank or other financial 17 18 institution.
- (4) Any society firefighters, humane officers, or 20 animal control officers.
- (5) Any clergy member as defined in Section 11165.17 of the Penal Code, and subject to the limitations described in subdivisions (c) and (d) of Section 11166 of 24 the Penal Code.
  - (6) Any person who is a member of a religious or charitable group or society who provides services to, or regularly comes into contact with, an elder or dependent adult, other than a member of the clergy.
  - (b) The term "abuse" as used in this section includes all of the following:
  - (1) Physical abuse as defined in Section 15610 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.
  - (2) Fiduciary abuse as defined in Section 15610 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.
- 35 (3) Isolation as defined in Section 368 of the Penal 36 *Code*.
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mandated reporter, who, in his or professional capacity, or within the scope of his or her employment, has observed an incident that reasonably SB 1715 **— 10 —** 

appears to be physical abuse, observed a physical injury where the nature of the injury, its location on the body, 3 or the repetition of the injury clearly indicates that physical abuse has occurred or is told by an elder or dependent adult that he or she has experienced behavior constituting physical abuse shall report the known or suspected instance of abuse by telephone immediately or as soon as possible, and by written report sent within two 9 working days, as follows:

- (1) If the abuse has occurred in a long-term care 11 facility, except a state mental health hospital or a state developmental center, the report shall be made to the 13 local ombudsman or the local law enforcement agency.
- (2) If the suspected or alleged abuse occurred in a 15 state mental health hospital or a state developmental the shall made 16 center, report be to designated 17 investigators of the State Department of Mental Health 18 or the State Department of Developmental Services or to the local law enforcement agency.
- (3) If the abuse has occurred any place other than one 21 described in paragraph (1), the report shall be made to the adult protective services agency or the local law enforcement agency.

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- (d) (1) Any mandated reporter who has knowledge of, or reasonably suspects that, types of elder or dependent adult abuse for which reports are not mandated have been inflicted upon elder an dependent adult or that his or her emotional well-being 30 is endangered in any other way, may report the known or suspected instance of abuse.
- (2) If the suspected or alleged abuse occurred in a 33 long-term care facility other than a state mental health 34 hospital or a state developmental center, the report may 35 be made to the long-term care ombudsman program.
- (3) If the suspected or alleged abuse occurred in a 37 state mental health hospital or a state developmental 38 center, the report may be made to the designated investigator of the State Department of Mental Health or the State Department of Developmental Services, or to

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a local law enforcement agency or to the local 1 2 ombudsman.

- suspected or alleged (4) If the abuse occurred anywhere else, the report may be made to the county adult protective services agency.
- (5) If the conduct involves criminal activity covered in subdivision (b), it may be immediately reported to the appropriate law enforcement agency.

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(e) When two or more mandated 11 present and jointly have knowledge or reasonably suspect that types of abuse of an elder or a dependent adult for which a report is or is not mandated have occurred, and 14 when there is agreement among them, the telephone 15 report may be made by a member of the team selected 16 by mutual agreement, and a single report may be made 17 and signed by the selected member of the reporting 18 team. Any member who has knowledge that the member designated to report has failed to do so shall thereafter make the report.

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(f) A telephone report of a known or suspected 23 instance of elder or dependent adult abuse shall include the name of the person making the report, the name and age of the elder or dependent adult, the present location of the elder or dependent adult, the names and addresses of family members or any other person responsible for the 28 elder or dependent adult's care, if known, the nature and 29 extent of the elder or dependent adult's condition, the 30 date of the incident, and any other information, including 31 information that led that person to suspect elder or 32 dependent adult abuse requested bv the receiving the report.

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35 (g) The reporting duties under this section supervisor or administrator shall 36 individual, and no impede or inhibit the reporting duties, and no person making the report shall be subject to any sanction for making the report. However, internal procedures facilitate reporting, ensure confidentiality, and apprise SB 1715 **— 12 —** 

supervisors and administrators of reports may be established, provided they are not inconsistent with this 3 chapter.

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- (h) (1) Whenever this section requires a county adult protective services agency to report to a law enforcement agency, the law enforcement agency shall, immediately upon request, provide a copy of its investigative report concerning the reported matter to that county adult 10 protective services agency.
- (2) Whenever this section requires a law enforcement 12 agency to report to a county adult protective services 13 agency, the county adult protective services agency shall, upon request, provide a copy of 14 immediately 15 investigative report concerning the reported matter to 16 that law enforcement agency.
- (3) The requirement to disclose investigative reports 18 pursuant to this subdivision shall not include the disclosure of social services records or case files that are 20 confidential, nor shall this subdivision be construed to allow disclosure of any reports or records if the disclosure would be prohibited by any other provision of state or federal law.

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- (i) Failure to report physical abuse of an elder or 26 dependent adult, in violation of this section, is a misdemeanor, punishable by not more that six months in the county jail or by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or by both that fine and imprisonment.
- SEC. 6. No reimbursement is required by this act 30 31 pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California 32 Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred 33 by a local agency or school district will be incurred 34 because this act creates a new crime or infraction, 35 eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty 36 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 37 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition 38 of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article 39 XIII B of the California Constitution.

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Notwithstanding Section 17580 of the Government Code, unless otherwise specified, the provisions of this act shall become operative on the same date that the act takes effect pursuant to the California Constitution.